MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING ON LABOUR COOPERATION

AMONG THE PARTIES TO THE

TRANS-PACIFIC STRATEGIC ECONOMIC PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

The Governments of Brunei Darussalam, the Republic of Chile, New Zealand, and the Republic of Singapore (hereinafter referred to collectively as the “Parties” or individually as a “Party”, unless the context otherwise requires):

Desiring to express an approach dealing with labour issues based on cooperation, consultation and dialogue that takes account of the unique circumstances of each Party, and meet the needs and future aspirations of the Parties;

Recalling our resolve to improve working conditions and living standards in our respective countries and protect, enhance and enforce the basic workers rights, taking into account the different levels of national development;

Acknowledging that all Parties share a similar commitment to high level standard of labour laws, policies and practices and are committed to uphold them in the context of economic development and trade liberalisation; and

Sharing the common aspiration that free trade and investments should lead to job creation, decent work and meaningful jobs for workers, with terms and conditions of employment which adhere to the core International Labour Organisation (ILO) labour principles.

Article 1: Objectives

The objectives of the Parties shall be to:

(a) promote better understanding of each Party’s labour systems, sound labour policies and practices and improve the capacities and capabilities of the Parties, including non-government sectors;

(b) provide a forum to discuss and exchange views on labour issues of interest or concern with a view to reaching consensus on those issues amongst the involved Parties;
(c) promote better understanding and observance of the principles embodied in the ILO *Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and its Follow-up* (1998)\(^1\);

(d) support the commitments made by the Parties in this Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), with a view to improving the working conditions and quality of work life amongst employees in their respective countries;

(e) improve the development and management of human capital for enhanced employability, business excellence, and greater productivity for the benefit of both the workers and enterprise; and

(f) facilitate co-operation and dialogue in order to strengthen the broader relationship between the Parties.

**Article 2: Key Elements/Commitments**

1. Parties that are members of the ILO reaffirm their obligations as such.

2. The Parties affirm their commitment to the principles of the ILO *Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and its Follow-up* (1998).

3. Each Party shall work to ensure that its labour laws, regulations, policies and practices are in harmony with their international labour commitments.

4. The Parties respect their sovereign rights to set their own policies and national priorities and to set, administer and enforce their own labour laws and regulations.

5. The Parties recognise that it is inappropriate to set or use their labour laws, regulations, policies and practices for trade protectionist purposes.

6. The Parties recognise that it is inappropriate to encourage trade or investment by weakening or reducing the protections afforded in domestic labour laws.

7. Each Party shall promote public awareness of its labour laws and regulations domestically.

---

\(^1\) See Attachment 1 (ILO *Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and its Follow-up* (1998))
Article 3: Cooperation

1. Taking account of their national priorities and available resources, the Parties agree to cooperate on labour matters of mutual interest and benefit. The Parties shall jointly decide specific labour cooperative activities.

2. Each Party may, as appropriate, invite the participation of its unions and employers and/or other persons and organisations of their countries in identifying potential areas for cooperation and in undertaking cooperative activities.

3. Cooperative activities may be in areas including but not limited to:

   (a) labour laws and practices, including the promotion of labour rights and obligations and decent work;
   (b) compliance and enforcement systems; management of labour disputes;
   (c) labour consultation; labour/management co-operation;
   (d) social security; and occupational safety and health; and
   (e) human capital development, training, and employability.

4. Cooperative activities may be implemented through a variety of means, such as the exchange of best practice and information, joint projects, studies, exchanges, visits, workshops and dialogue as the Parties may agree, including in relation to international labour forums and matters.

5. The funding of cooperative activities shall be decided by the Parties on a case-by-case basis.

Article 4: Institutional Arrangements

1. Each Party shall designate a national contact point for labour matters to facilitate communication between the Parties.

2. The Parties, including senior officials of their government agencies responsible for relevant labour matters, shall meet within the first year of the signing of this MOU, unless otherwise agreed, and then as mutually agreed, to:

   (a) establish an agreed work programme of cooperative activities;
   (b) oversee and evaluate cooperative activities;
serve as a channel for dialogue on matters of mutual interest;
review the operation and outcomes of this MOU; and
provide a forum to discuss and exchange views on labour issues of interest or concern with a view to reaching consensus on those issues amongst the involved Parties.

3. Each Party may consult with members of its public or specific domestic non-government sectors over matters relating to the operation of the labour component by whatever means that Party considers appropriate.

4. The Parties may exchange information and coordinate activities between meetings using email, video conferencing or other means of communication.

Article 5: Consultation

1. The Parties are committed to following the principles of mutual respect, dialogue, co-operation and consensus over any matter related in this MOU.

2. Should any issue arise over the interpretation or application of the MOU, a Party may request consultation with the other Party(ies), through the national contact point. The Parties will make every effort to reach a consensus on the matter through co-operation, consultation and dialogue.

3. The matter may be communicated to a joint meeting of the interested Parties, which may include Ministers, for mutual discussions and consultations, to which all Parties will be invited.

Article 6: Final Provisions

1. The MOU shall enter into force for a Party on the same date as the Trans-Pacific Strategic Economic Partnership Agreement enters into force for that Party.

2. The original of this MOU shall be deposited with the Government of New Zealand, which is hereby designated as the Depositary of this MOU, at the same time as the Trans-Pacific Strategic Economic Partnership Agreement.

3. The English and Spanish texts of this MOU are equally authentic. In the event of divergence, the English text shall prevail.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned, being duly authorised by their respective Governments, have signed this Memorandum of Understanding.

For Brunei Darussalam

For the Republic of Chile

For New Zealand

For the Republic of Singapore
ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work
86th Session, Geneva, June 1998

Whereas the ILO was founded in the conviction that social justice is essential to universal and lasting peace;

Whereas economic growth is essential but not sufficient to ensure equity, social progress and the eradication of poverty, confirming the need for the ILO to promote strong social policies, justice and democratic institutions;

Whereas the ILO should, now more than ever, draw upon all its standard-setting, technical cooperation and research resources in all its areas of competence, in particular employment, vocational training and working conditions, to ensure that, in the context of a global strategy for economic and social development, economic and social policies are mutually reinforcing components in order to create broad-based sustainable development;

Whereas the ILO should give special attention to the problems of persons with special social needs, particularly the unemployed and migrant workers, and mobilize and encourage international, regional and national efforts aimed at resolving their problems, and promote effective policies aimed at job creation;

Whereas, in seeking to maintain the link between social progress and economic growth, the guarantee of fundamental principles and rights at work is of particular significance in that it enables the persons concerned, to claim freely and on the basis of equality of opportunity, their fair share of the wealth which they have helped to generate, and to achieve fully their human potential;

Whereas the ILO is the constitutionally mandated international organization and the competent body to set and deal with international labour standards, and enjoys universal support and acknowledgement in promoting Fundamental Rights at Work as the expression of its constitutional principles;

Whereas it is urgent, in a situation of growing economic interdependence, to reaffirm the immutable nature of the fundamental principles and rights embodied in the Constitution of the Organization and to promote their universal application;
1. **Recalls:**

   (a) that in freely joining the ILO, all Members have endorsed the principles and rights set out in its Constitution and in the Declaration of Philadelphia, and have undertaken to work towards attaining the overall objectives of the Organization to the best of their resources and fully in line with their specific circumstances;

   (b) that these principles and rights have been expressed and developed in the form of specific rights and obligations in Conventions recognized as fundamental both inside and outside the Organization.

2. **Declares** that all Members, even if they have not ratified the Conventions in question, have an obligation arising from the very fact of membership in the Organization to respect, to promote and to realize, in good faith and in accordance with the Constitution, the principles concerning the fundamental rights which are the subject of those Conventions, namely:

   (a) freedom of association and the effective recognition of the right to collective bargaining;

   (b) the elimination of all forms of forced or compulsory labour;

   (c) the effective abolition of child labour; and

   (d) the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

3. **Recognizes** the obligation on the Organization to assist its Members, in response to their established and expressed needs, in order to attain these objectives by making full use of its constitutional, operational and budgetary resources, including, by the mobilization of external resources and support, as well as by encouraging other international organizations with which the ILO has established relations, pursuant to article 12 of its Constitution, to support these efforts:

   (a) by offering technical cooperation and advisory services to promote the ratification and implementation of the fundamental Conventions;

   (b) by assisting those Members not yet in a position to ratify some or all of these Conventions in their efforts to respect, to promote and to realize the principles concerning fundamental rights which are the subject of these Conventions; and
(c) by helping the Members in their efforts to create a climate for economic and social development.

4. Decides that, to give full effect to this Declaration, a promotional follow-up, which is meaningful and effective, shall be implemented in accordance with the measures specified in the annex hereto, which shall be considered as an integral part of this Declaration.

5. Stresses that labour standards should not be used for protectionist trade purposes, and that nothing in this Declaration and its follow-up shall be invoked or otherwise used for such purposes; in addition, the comparative advantage of any country should in no way be called into question by this Declaration and its follow-up.

Follow-up to the Declaration

I. OVERALL PURPOSE

1. The aim of the follow-up described below is to encourage the efforts made by the Members of the Organization to promote the fundamental principles and rights enshrined in the Constitution of the ILO and the Declaration of Philadelphia and reaffirmed in this Declaration.

2. In line with this objective, which is of a strictly promotional nature, this follow-up will allow the identification of areas in which the assistance of the Organization through its technical cooperation activities may prove useful to its Members to help them implement these fundamental principles and rights. It is not a substitute for the established supervisory mechanisms, nor shall it impede their functioning; consequently, specific situations within the purview of those mechanisms shall not be examined or re-examined within the framework of this follow-up.

3. The two aspects of this follow-up, described below, are based on existing procedures: the annual follow-up concerning non-ratified fundamental Conventions will entail merely some adaptation of the present modalities of application of article 19, paragraph 5(e), of the Constitution; and the Global Report will serve to obtain the best results from the procedures carried out pursuant to the Constitution.

II. ANNUAL FOLLOW-UP CONCERNING NON-RATIFIED FUNDAMENTAL CONVENTIONS

A. Purpose and scope

1. The purpose is to provide an opportunity to review each year, by means of simplified procedures to replace the four-year review introduced
by the Governing Body in 1995, the efforts made in accordance with the Declaration by Members which have not yet ratified all the fundamental Conventions.

2. The follow-up will cover each year the four areas of fundamental principles and rights specified in the Declaration.

B. Modalities

1. The follow-up will be based on reports requested from Members under article 19, paragraph 5(e), of the Constitution. The report forms will be drawn up so as to obtain information from governments which have not ratified one or more of the fundamental Conventions, on any changes which may have taken place in their law and practice, taking due account of article 23 of the Constitution and established practice.

2. These reports, as compiled by the Office, will be reviewed by the Governing Body.

3. With a view to presenting an introduction to the reports thus compiled, drawing attention to any aspects which might call for a more in-depth discussion, the Office may call upon a group of experts appointed for this purpose by the Governing Body.

4. Adjustments to the Governing Body’s existing procedures should be examined to allow Members which are not represented on the Governing Body to provide, in the most appropriate way, clarifications which might prove necessary or useful during Governing Body discussions to supplement the information contained in their reports.

III. GLOBAL REPORT

A. Purpose and scope

1. The purpose of this report is to provide a dynamic global picture relating to each category of fundamental principles and rights noted during the preceding four-year period, and to serve as a basis for assessing the effectiveness of the assistance provided by the Organization, and for determining priorities for the following period, in the form of action plans for technical cooperation designed in particular to mobilize the internal and external resources necessary to carry them out.

2. The report will cover, each year, one of the four categories of fundamental principles and rights in turn.
B. Modalities

1. The report will be drawn up under the responsibility of the Director-General on the basis of official information, or information gathered and assessed in accordance with established procedures. In the case of States which have not ratified the fundamental Conventions, it will be based in particular on the findings of the aforementioned annual follow-up. In the case of Members which have ratified the Conventions concerned, the report will be based in particular on reports as dealt with pursuant to article 22 of the Constitution.

2. This report will be submitted to the Conference for tripartite discussion as a report of the Director-General. The Conference may deal with this report separately from reports under article 12 of its Standing Orders, and may discuss it during a sitting devoted entirely to this report, or in any other appropriate way. It will then be for the Governing Body, at an early session, to draw conclusions from this discussion concerning the priorities and plans of action for technical cooperation to be implemented for the following four-year period.

IV. IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT

1. Proposals shall be made for amendments to the Standing Orders of the Governing Body and the Conference which are required to implement the preceding provisions.

2. The Conference shall, in due course, review the operation of this follow-up in the light of the experience acquired to assess whether it has adequately fulfilled the overall purpose articulated in Part I.

The foregoing is the ILO Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work and its Follow-up duly adopted by the General Conference of the International Labour Organization during its Eighty-sixth Session which was held at Geneva and declared closed the 18 June 1998. In faith whereof we have appended our signatures this nineteenth day of June 1998.